1 2	Band Assembly Bill 21-04-41-25				
3 4 5 6	Employn complain	nent Rigi ts agains	an Act amending Title 15, chapter 4 to comprehensively reform the Band's Tribal ent Rights Office code, adding a section related to holiday pay and a section related to s against the TERO Director. A public comment period has been held on a previous this Bill (20-03-27-23) in February of 2023.		
7 8 9	The Distr	presentative introduced the following Bill on the 27 th day of August, 2025.			
10 11 12 13 14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE BAND ASSEMBLY OF THE NON-REMOVABLE MILLE LACS BAND OF OJIBWE:				
Section 1. Amending Title 15, chapter 4, subchapter 1.					
16 17 18	§ 1001. Policy and Findings.				
19 20 21	(a)	It is the policy of the Band to provide a preference in employment and contracting to members of the Band and other federally recognized <u>IndianNative American</u> tribes, and to prioritize the hiring of certain individuals within the preferred group.			
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29		(1)	This policy applies to employment and contracting by the Band's government including all branches, departments, and agencies thereof; by all Band-owned entities while they are engaged in commercial or economic activities on behalf of the Band within the Band's on or near the Reservation; and by all persons and entities doing business with the Band, including subcontractors of persons or entities contracting with the Band, within the Band's on or near the Reservation.		
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40		(2)	This policy: (A) is intended to further the Band's overriding interests in self-government, self-sufficiency, and economic development; (B) is directed to the participation of the governed in the Band's governing bodies and in its commercial and economic activities; (C) is intended to make the Band's government and its commercial and economic activities more responsive to the needs of its constituents; and (D) is intended to provide for the economic security and employment of members of the Band and of other federally recognized Indian Native American tribes and to overcome the effects of past discrimination against such persons.		
41 42 43 44 45 46		(3)	Economic insecurity and unemployment are serious impediments to the health, morale, and welfare of the Band. Employment and contracting opportunities with the Band's government, Corporate Ventures, and with Band-owned entities and other persons and entities doing business with the Band within the Band'son or near the Reservation, are important resources for members of the Band and of other federally recognized Indian Native		

American tribes, who have historically suffered from discrimination in employment and contracting opportunities. As a result, Indian Anishina abe and Indigenous people living on or near the Band's Reservation have unique and special employment rights under federal law, and the Band is obligated to implement those rights.

(b) Subject to the policy described in subsection (a) of this section, all employees subject to the Band's jurisdiction are entitled to a workplace environment that prohibits employment discrimination <u>, and nepotism</u>, protects employees' wages, and promotes health and safety.

(c) The provisions of this chapter are critically important to the health and welfare of members of the Band and of other federally recognized Indian Indian

(d) The Band declares that the public good and the welfare of the Band require the enactment of this chapter, which is enacted pursuant to the Band's inherent sovereign and political powers, in order to increase employment of and the number of businesses owned by members of the Band and of other federally recognized IndianNative American tribes, especially within the Band's Reservation, and to protect the workforce rights of IndianNative employees within the jurisdiction of the Band.

§ 1002. Purpose.

 This chapter is adopted by the Mille Lacs Band of Ojibwe (the Band)Band, under its inherent sovereign and political powers, for the following purposes:

(a) to promulgate Band laws and <u>rules regulations</u> governing employment relations and contracting preference within the Band's jurisdiction;

 (b) to establish the Band's Tribal Employment Rights Office (TERO)-in order to enforce the Band's laws governing employment <u>preference and priority</u> and contracting preference, and to protect the rights of all members of the Band, members of other federally recognized <u>IndianNative American</u> tribes, and all other employees within the Band's jurisdiction;

(c) to increase the employment of members of the Band and of other federally recognized <u>IndianNative American</u> tribes;

(d) to eradicate employment discrimination, protect employees' wages, and protect employees' health and safety within the Band's jurisdiction; (e) to provide a fair, enforceable, and effective system of preferences and priorities in contracting and sub-contracting as it relates to the provision of supplies, services, labor, and materials to the Band's government and to Band-owned entities and other persons or entities doing business with the Band, including subcontractors of persons or entities contracting with the Band, within the Band's on or near the Reservation; and (f) to supersede all other provisions of Band law that are inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter. § 1003. Severability. If any provision of this chapter, or the application thereof to any person, business, corporation, circumstance, or government, including any agency or political subdivision thereof, or circumstance, is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect any other provision or application of this chapter that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this chapter are declared severable.

§ 1004. Definitions.

<u>Unless otherwise provided in this section, all words in this chapter shall be construed according</u> to their ordinary meaning. The following terms are defined for purposes of this chapter.

- "Adverse action" means an action taken to try to keep an individual from opposing a discriminatory practice or from participating in an employment discrimination proceeding. Adverse actions include termination, refusal to hire, denial of promotion, threats, unjustified negative evaluations, unjustified negative references, increased surveillance, or any other action, such as assault or unfounded civil or criminal charge, that are likely to deter reasonable people from pursuing their rights.
- (b) "Anishinaabe" or "Indigenous" or "Native" or "Native American" refers to a member of a federally recognized Native American tribe.
- (a)(c) "Anishinaabe or Indigenous certified entity" means an entity, certified by the

 TERO Commission, in which 51 percent or more of the ownership interests are held
 by one (1) or more Anishinaabe or Indigenous persons and in which daily
 management and control is provided by one (1) or more Anishinaabe or Indigenous
 persons.
- (b)(d) "Band" means the Mille Lacs Band of Ojibwe, a federally recognized <u>IndianNative</u>
 American tribe, and includes the Band's government, including all branches,

140		departments and agencies thereof, and all Band-owned entities while they are
141		engaged in commercial or economic activities on behalf of the Band within the
142		Band's Reservation. For purposes of this chapter, the term "Band" does not include
143		Corporate Ventures.
144		
145	(c) (e)	_"Commission" or "TERO Commission" means the Commissioner of the Tribal
146	(-)	Employee Employment Rights Office.
147		
148	<u>(f)</u>	"Commission Member" or "Member" means a director serving on the TERO
149		Commission, appointed under § 1011 of this chapter.
150		
151	<u>(g)</u>	"Compliance plan" means a document submitted by all covered employers and
152		approved by the TERO Director. The compliance plan describes the necessary
153		qualifications for each position subject to this chapter and further details the steps
154		that covered employers will take to ensure full TERO compliance.
155		
156	(d) (h)	A "Conflict of iInterest" means a situation that occurs when a TERO Commission
157	\	Mmember is in a position to influence a decision that may result in a personal gain
158		for that Mmember or for a Mmember of his or her immediate family.
159		
160	(e)(i)	"Core crew" means regular, permanent employees in supervisory or other key
161	\ / \. /	positions where an employer would face serious financial loss if the positions were
162		filled by persons who had not previously worked for that employer.
163		
164	<u>(j)</u>	"Corporate Ventures" means Mille Lacs Corporate Ventures (formerly known as
165		the Corporate Commission of the Mille Lacs Band of Ojibwe) as established by 16
166		MLBS § 101 et seq., and its subsidiaries.
167	(0.4)	
168	(1) (k)	_"Covered employer" means the Band and any entity, company, contractor, sub-
169		contractor, corporation, or other business doing business on or near the Reservation
170		with the Band or Mille Lacs Corporate Ventures, including subcontractors of persons
171		or entities contracting with the Band or Mille Lacs Corporate Ventures, within the
172		Band's Reservation that employs for wages or other remuneration two (2) or more
173		employees. Corporate Ventures is considered a covered employer under this chapter
174		unless otherwise designated.
175		
176	(g) (1)	_"Days" means calendar days, including holidays and weekends, unless otherwise
177		indicated.
178		
179	(h) (m)	<u>"Director" or "TERO Director"</u> means the director of the Band's Tribal
180		Employment Rights Office.
181		
182	<u>(i)(n)</u>	_"Disability" means, with respect to an individual:
183		
184		(1) a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one (1) or more major
185		life activities of such individual;

	(2)	a record of such an impairment; or
	(2)	a record of such an impairment, of
	(3)	the state of being regarded as having such an impairment.
		An impairment does not have to be permanent to rise to the level of a disability. Temporary impairments that take significantly longer than normal to heal, long-term impairments, or potentially long-term impairments of indefinite duration may be disabilities if they are severe.
(j)	"EE	OC" means the federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.
<u>(k)(o)</u>		ected officials" means the Mille Lacs Band Chief Executive, Secretary-surer, and District Representatives.
(l) (p)	adop	mediate <u>f</u> Family" <u>includes means</u> a <u>person's</u> spouse, <u>a person's</u> biological or oted child, a member of a person's household, and a person's mother, father, and <u>r</u> , and <u>brother siblings</u> .
(m)	"Ind	lian" means a member of a federally recognized Indian tribe.
(n)	whice or m	lian Certified Entity" means an entity, certified by the TERO Commission, in the fifty one percent (51%) or more of the ownership interests are held by one (1) ore Indians and in which daily management and control is provided by one (1) ore Indians.
<u>(q)</u>	upgr	potism" means personally hiring, employing, promoting, transferring, adding, or recalling an immediate family member who works for the Band or for porate Ventures.
<u>(r)</u>		asonable Cause" means facts or actions that would lead a reasonable person to clude that a violation has occurred given the totality of the circumstances.
(o) (s)	India lands Tribo juris	servation" means all lands within the exterior boundaries of the Mille Lacs an Band Reservation as established by the Treaty of 1855, 10 Stat. 1165, all sheld in trust by the United States for the benefit of the Minnesota Chippewa e, the Band or individual members of the Band, which are subject to the diction of the Band, and all lands owned by the Band which are located within of the districts designated in 2 MLBS § 11.
<u>(t)</u>		bstantial benefit" means a significant and appreciable advantage or positive ome.
(p) (u)		RO" means the Band's Tribal Employment Rights Office established by this ter.
	(h)(p) (m) (n) (q) (r) (o)(s)	(i) "EE (k)(o) "Ele Trea (l)(p) "Immadop siste (m) "Ind whice or m or m (q) "Nep upgr Corp (r) "Res conc (o)(s) "Res India lands Tribe jurise one of (t) "Sul outce

232 233 Section 2. Amending Title 15, chapter 4, subchapter 2. 234 235 § 1011. TERO Commission and Recusal of Commission Members. 236 237 **TERO Commission Members.** The TERO shall be managed by the TERO (a) 238 Commission is a governing board and shall provide oversight of TERO in accordance 239 with this chapter. At all times there shall be at least one (1) commission Mmember on 240 the Commission from each Band district established by 2 MLBS § 11. The 241 Commission shall consist of seven (7) commission-Mmembers as appointed under 242 paragraph (1) below. Four (4) Board Members shall constitute a quorum. 243 244 **Appointment Process; Terms.** (1) 245 246 The Chief Executive shall nominate four (4) individuals and submit 247 their names to the Secretary-Treasurer. Within ten (10) calendar days 248 after receipt of the nominations by the Secretary-Treasurer, the 249 Secretary-Treasurer shall ratify two (2) of the four (4) nominees to be 250 a Member of the Board. 251 252 Each District Representative shall nominate two (2) individuals and 253 submit their names to the Chief Executive. Within ten (10) calendar 254 days after receipt of the nominations by the Chief Executive, the Chief Executive shall ratify one (1) of the two (2) nominees to be a 255 256 Member of the Board. 257 258 (iii) The Secretary-Treasurer shall nominate four (4) individuals and 259 submit their names to the Chief Executive. Within ten (10) calendar 260 days after receipt of the nominations by the Chief Executive, the Chief Executive shall ratify two (2) of the four (4) nominees to be a 261 262 Member of the Board. 263 264 If the Chief Executive or the Secretary-Treasurer do not ratify one (1) 265 from any of the nominations sent to them within the time prescribed, 266 then the Band Assembly shall select such member by majority vote. 267 268 (i)(v) If any elected official does not submit a nomination within 30 calendar days after a vacancy has occurred, then the Band Assembly 269 270 shall nominate two (2) individuals by majority vote and submit their 271 names to the Chief Executive for ratification to the Board within ten 272 (10) calendar days of receipt. 273 274 No member shall take office until swearing to the oath of office (vi)

pursuant to 2 MLBS § 8.

275

277		(2)	(vii) Each member shall be appointed using the following process: The
278			elected officials shall each nominate two (2) individuals and submit
279			their names to the Mille Lacs Band Parliamentarian. The Chief
280			Executive and Secretary Treasurer of the Band shall each nominate
281			two (2) additional individuals and submit their names to the Mille Lacs
282			Band Parliamentarian. Within ten (10) calendar days after receipt of
283			the nominations, the elected officials shall convene and vote on one (1)
284			of the two (2) nominees submitted from each elected official to be a
285			member of the Commission. Members appointed by the Chief
286			Executive and District 1 Representative shall serve until December 1,
287			2018, and Members appointed by the Secretary-Treasurer, District II
288			Representative, and District III Representative shall serve until
289			December 31, 2020. Any subsequent appointment, other than to fill a
290			vacancy that occurs prior to the end of a term, shall be for four (4)
291			years.
292			years.
293		(3) (2) O 1	ualifications. Commissioners Commission Members shall be public officials
294			bject to the Mille Lacs-Band's Title 6 Ethics Code in 6 MLBS §§ 1151-
295			63. At least three (3) of the Commissioners Members shall have education
296			experience in one (1) or more of the following areas:
297		OI.	experience in one (1) or more or the ronowing areas.
298		(i)	human resources;
299		(1)	numun resources,
300		(ii) tribal employment rights;
301		(11	, unour emproyment rights,
302		(ii	i) construction management;
303		(22	-y consulation immigenions,
304		(iv	career development and training;
305			<u>, </u>
306		(iv	() (v) regulatory enforcement; or
307			7 <u>-7</u> -8-4 -4-7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
308		(v	i) auditing or investigations.
309			
310		(4)(3) O f	fficers. The TERO Commission Members shall select a Chairperson, Vice-
311			nairperson, and Secretary at the first meeting of the Commission, and
312			nually thereafter. The Chairperson shall preside at all meetings of the
313			ommission and shall be authorized to sign required documents in
314			cordance with the powers of the Commission.
315			1
316	<u>(b)</u>	Recusal o	of Commission Members. When confronted with a conflict of interest,
317	<u> </u>		ommission Members shall announce the nature of the conflict and recuse
318			es from any corresponding vote.
319			
320			
321	§ 1012. P	owers and	Duties of the TERO Commission, and; Compensation.
322			- -

323	(a)	The TERO Commission has the full power, jurisdiction, and authority:
324		
325		(1) to take all actions necessary and appropriate to implement the provisions of
326		this chapter;
327		
328		(2) to interpret this chapter and any regulations adopted hereunder, subject to
329		judicial review;
330		
331		(2)(3) to approve or reject any and all rules, regulations, and guidelines formulated
332		by the <u>D</u> director to carry out the provisions of this chapter and to approve or
333		reject the amendment or rescission of any such rules, regulations, or
334		guidelines, provided that, except when an emergency exists, the TERO
335		Commission shall provide the public an opportunity to comment at a meeting
336		of the TERO Commission before approving any such rules, regulations, or
337		guidelines or amendments or resciessions thereof;
338		
339		(4) to approve or reject the use of TERO funds through the approval of the
340		TERO budget, with ratification by the Band Assembly and Chief Executive
341		under 3 MLBS § 3(b), and any subsequent amendments or modifications that
342		may be required to carry out the provisions of this chapter;
343		inal or required to taking out the provincial or this enapter,
344		(3)(5) to conduct hearings in accordance with such rules of practice and procedure
345		as may be adopted by the TERO Commission after providing the public an
346		opportunity to comment on them at a meeting of the TERO Commission;
347		opportunity to comment on them at a meeting of the TERO commission,
348		(4)(6) to order any relief or sanctions authorized by this chapter, and to petition the
349		Mille Lacs-Band's Court of Central Jurisdiction for such orders to enforce the
350		
		decisions of the TERO Commission and any sanctions imposed by the TERO Commission, if necessary;
351		Commission, if necessary,
352		
353		(5)(7) to make recommendations to the Band Assembly on regarding amendments to
354		this chapter;
355		
356		(6)(8) to establish a system for certifying firms as Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous-
357		<u>o</u> -Owned <u>b</u> Businesses or Mille Lacs-Band- <u>-o</u> Owned businesses;
358		
359		(7)(9) to maintain a list of <u>c</u> Certified <u>b</u> Businesses;
360		
361		(8)(10) to assist enrolled Band mMembers in obtaining certification;
362		
363		(9)(11) to ensure the TERO Director is coordinatinge training and mentorship
364		programs for enrolled Band mMembers and Indians Anishinaabe or
365		Indigenous people;
366		
367		(10)(12) to monitor all contracting activities on Band <u>1</u> Lands in consultation with
368		the elected officials;

369	
370	(11)(13) to inform the Band gGovernment, Band eEntities, eEmployers, and
371	\underline{c} Contractors and assist in presentations to the public on the requirements of
372	this chapter with respect to Indian Anishinaabe or indigenous employment
373	and contact preference and priority requirements;
374	
375	(12)(14) to oversee the <u>c</u> Certified <u>b</u> Businesses receiving invitations to bid on
376	contracts;
377	
378	(13)(15) to establish ensure the TERO director establishes, oversees, and regularly
379	<u>updates</u> a <u>comprehensive</u> Band labor surplus pool and refers <u>enrolled</u> Band
380	mMembers and other Indians Anishinaabe or Indigenous people to an
381	<u>e</u> Employer or <u>c</u> Contractor for employment considerations;
382	
383	(14)(16) to assist procurement officers or delegated agents in the designation of
384	contracts appropriate for the set aside program;
385	
386	(15)(17) to develop and maintain an audit and reporting system which measures
387	the effectiveness of the Indian Preference Policy preference and priority
388	policy in this chapter in meeting its employment preference and priority goals
389	and objectives;
390	
391	(16)(18) to establish procedures for TERO's regulatory proceedings;
392	
393	(17)(19) to establish procedures, forms, and policies necessary to carry out the
394	purposes of the chapter; and
395	
396	(20) to enforce any employment and procurement laws and regulations, policies,
397	and procedures in accordance with this chapter.
398	
399	(21) Compensation. Commission Mmembers may receive a stipend for
400	attendance at regular and special meetings in the amount of \$400.00 per
401	meeting, but payment of such stipend shall be limited to two (2) meetings per
402	monththeir services at a rate established by the Band Assembly.
403	Commissioners Members shall be reimbursed for actual expenses incurred on
404	Commission business, including necessary travel expenses, in a manner
405	consistent with applicable Band policies and procedures. Compensation for
406	the attendance of trainings and conferences shall be considered a separate
407	meeting for each day.
408	
409	
410	§ 1013. Tribal Employment Rights Office; Director.
411	
412	There is hereby established the Tribal Employment Rights Office as an agency of the Mille Lacs
413	Band of Ojibwe government the Tribal Employment Rights Office (also known as "TERO").

The <u>TERO</u> Director of the <u>TERO</u> shall be an employee of the <u>TERO</u> under the direct

415 supervision of the TERO Commission and shall have the powers and duties prescribed in § 1014 416 of this subchapter. 417 418 419 § 1014. Powers and Duties of TERO Director. 420 421 The Director shall have the following powers and duties: 422 423 to formulate, amend, and rescind regulations and, rules, and guidelines necessary to (a) 424 carry out the provisions of this chapter, subject to the approval of the 425 BoardCommission; 426 427 (b) to implement and enforce the provisions of this chapter, as well as any properly 428 adopted regulations, rules, guidelines, and orders; 429 430 to hire staff, expend designated funds from an approved a budget approved by the (c) 431 TERO Commission, with ratification by the Band Assembly and Chief Executive under 3 MLBS § 3(b), and obtain and expend funding from federal, state, and other 432 433 sources: 434 435 (d) to maintain a list of current cCovered eEmployers, current employer permits and work permits issued, and current Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous c Certified 436 437 eEntities; 438 439 to maintain a record of all contracting projects subject to this chapter and the TERO (e) 440 fees assessed for each project; 441 442 <u>(f)</u> to approve or deny compliance plans submitted by covered employers; 443 444 (f)(g) to process applications for certification of Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous 445 cCertified eEntities by the BoardCommission; 446 447 (g)(h) to grant TERO permits and collect TERO fees as authorized by this chapter, and to 448 report to the Commission on a quarterly basis the total fees collected as well as the 449 fee amounts collected from each employer; 450 451 (i) to report quarterly at a Band Assembly meeting and to the Chief Executive's Office 452 on a quarterly basis the total fees collected as well as the fee amounts collected from 453 each employer; 454 (h)(j) to establish training, mentorship, and workforce development programs, in 455 456 conjunction with the Mille Lacsother Band Department of Laborprograms, for Band members and other Indians Anishinaabe or Indigenous people to assist them in 457 obtaining and retaining employment; 458 459

- (k) to establish and maintain a Band labor surplus pool and refer enrolled Band members and other Anishinaabe or Indigenous people to an employer or contractor for employment considerations;
 - (i)(1) to process applications for and maintain a list of Band members and other Indians Anishinaabe or Indigenous people living on or near the Reservation who are available for employment and to assist such persons with job placement; and
 - (m) to contract with federal and state entities for the provision of additional job procurement services and funding consistent with the purposes of this chapter.
 - (n) to coordinate training and mentorship programs for enrolled Band members and Anishinaabe or Indigenous people;
 - (o) to determine when the Band or MLCV has engaged in nepotism and to pursue a remedy pursuant to this Chapter; and
 - (j)(p) to permit nepotism as defined in § 1004(q) when doing so would provide a substantial benefit to the Band or MLCV, subject to ratification by the TERO Commission.

§ 1015. Intergovernmental Relationships.

The TERO Commission, acting through the Director, is authorized, with the written concurrence of the Commissioner of Administration, to enter into cooperative relationships with federal employment rights agencies, such as including but not limited to the EEOC federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP), and with state employment rights agencies, such as the Human Rights Commission, in order to eliminate discrimination against Indians Anishinaabe or Indigenous people on and off the Reservation, as well as to develop training programs for Indians Anishinaabe or Indigenous people. The Director may also, with the written concurrence of the Commissioner of Administration, enter into cooperative relationships with federal agencies, including but not limited to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the Department of Labor, the Federal Highway Administration, and the Internal Revenue Service, in order to implement any federal employment or other workforce rights, authorities, or requirements as such agency may lawfully delegate to the Band.

Section 3. Amending Title 15, chapter 4, subchapter 3.

§ 1021. Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous Preference and Priority in Employment.

(a) All covered employers shall give preference to <u>Anishinaabe or Indigenous Indians</u> people living on or near the Reservation in the hiring, promotion, training, and all other aspects of employment within the boundaries of on or near the Reservation,

506 provided that these individuals have the necessary qualifications. The priority for 507 Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous hiring preference is as follows: 508 509 (1) Mille Lacs Band Member; 510 511 (2) First generation Band member descendant; 512 513 (2)(3) member of another federally recognized Indian Native American Tribe; and 514 515 (3)(4) all others. 516 517 Every covered employer shall encourage Indians Anishinaabe or Indigenous people (b) 518 to seek promotional opportunities. For every opening in a supervisory position, the 519 employer shall inform Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous workers about the position 520 and encourage them to apply. 521 522 (c) No covered employer shall be permitted to maintain a position that no employment opportunities exist in the fulfillment of any said contract in order to evade the 523 524 provisions of this section. The covered employer shall develop a goal statement which is subject to advance approval by the TERO Delirector prior to the 525 commencement of any work. Additionally, no goal statement shall be approved 526 527 which contains less than fifty percent (50%) for each construction operation in 528 Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous employment opportunities pursuant to any 529 contract. 530 531 532 § 1022. Covered Employer's Responsibilities. 533 534 Covered employers shall notify the TERO Director of openings in employment (a) positions subject to this chapter and provide job descriptions for such openings at or 535 before the time at in which they advertise the openings. Job descriptions shall not be 536 written in a way to unnecessarily exclude Band members or other Indians 537 538 Anishinaabe or Indigenous people from employment. 539 540 (b) All covered employers shall define in writing the necessary qualifications for each 541 employment position in their work force that is subject to this chapter, which shall be provided to the TERO Delirector as part of their compliance plans and to applicants 542 543 upon request. 544 545 (c) All covered employers shall comply with this chapter, all rules and regulations 546 relating to it, and all guidelines and orders of the TERO Delirector. 547 548 (d) The requirements in this chapter shall not apply to any direct employment by the 549 Ffederal or a state government or their agencies or subdivisions. However, such 550 requirements shall apply to all contractors or grantees of such governments and to all

551 commercial enterprises operated by such governments when they are doing business 552 with the Band within on or near the #Reservation. 553 554 (e) Covered employers shall include and specify an Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous employment preference and priority policy statement in all job announcements and 555 556 advertisements and all employer policies that are subject to this chapter. 557 558 (f) Covered employers shall post in a conspicuous place on their premises for their 559 employees and applicants an Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous preference and 560 priority policy notice prepared or approved by the TERO Director. 561 562 Covered employers, except for construction contractors, shall advertise and 563 announce notify the TERO Director of all openings in employment positions subject 564 to this chapter for publication on the Mille Lacs-Band Website. 565 566 (g)(h) Construction contractors, prior to starting work within the Reservation, shall provide 567 a TERO cCompliance pPlan for the project to the TERO Delirector. 568 (h)(i) Covered employers shall use non-discriminatory job qualifications and selection 569 570 criteria in filling employment positions subject to the requirements of this chapter. No covered employer shall use any job qualification criteria that serve as barriers to 571 572 Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous preference or priority in employment, unless the 573 covered employer can demonstrate that such criteria or requirements are required by 574 business necessity. 575 576 (i)(j) Regardless of the qualifications of any non-Indian Native applicant, any 577 Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous person who demonstrates the necessary qualifications for an employment position subject to this chapter: 578 579 580 shall be selected by covered employers in the case of hiring, promotion, (1) transfer, upgrading, recall, and other employment opportunities with respect 581 582 to such position; and 583 shall be retained by covered employers in the case of a reduction in force 584 (2) 585 affecting a certain class of positions until all non-Indians-Natives employed 586 in that class of positions are laid-off. 587 No covered employer shall be permitted to maintain a position that no employment 588 (k) opportunities exist in the fulfillment of any said contract in order to evade the 589 provisions of this section. The covered employer shall develop a goal statement 590 591 which is subject to advance approval by the TERO Director prior to the commencement of any work. Additionally, no goal statement shall be approved 592

which contains less than fifty percent (50%) for each construction operation in

Anishinaabe or Indigenous employment opportunities pursuant to any contract.

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- (1) Corporate Ventures shall make active efforts to provide opportunities for hiring, career development, and promotion to Anishinaabe or Indigenous people, and shall report said efforts to the TERO Commission annually. For every opening in a supervisory position, the employer shall inform Anishinaabe or Indigenous workers about the position and encourage them to apply.
 - (m) Corporate Ventures shall assist Band member employees in creating a careerdevelopment plan listing specific goals, and assisting the Band member employees in reaching their career development goals. Corporate Ventures shall obtain proof in writing from a Band member employee who declines to create a career development plan.

§ 1023. Core Crew.

- (a) Covered employers who contract with the Band or with Mille Lacs Corporate Ventures, may, if necessary, designate a core crew, which is exempt from the Indian Anishina or Indigenous preference and priority requirements of this chapter.
- (b) If a core crew is necessary, such core crew shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the total employees of the project or /jobsite, except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this section.
- (c) The <u>TERO Delirector</u> may, at <u>his or herher or his</u> discretion, grant a covered employer a larger core crew designation upon a satisfactory demonstration by the covered employer that a larger core crew is necessary due to unique or specialized positions that are essential for the operation of the business. A covered employer may appeal the decision of the <u>Delirector</u> to the <u>BoardTERO Commission</u>.

§ 1024. Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous Preference in Contracting.

- (a) To the extent provided in § 1026 of this chapter, all covered employers shall give preference in contracting and subcontracting to <u>IndianAnishinaabe or Indigenous</u> certified entities.
- (b) If one (1) or more qualified IndianAnishinaabe or Indigenous certified entities submit a bid that is within ten percent (10%) percent of the lowest competitive bid, the covered employer shall give one of the qualified IndianAnishinaabe or Indigenous certified entities submitting such a bid the opportunity to negotiate an acceptable bid.
- (c) In accordance with §§ 1012 and 1014 of this chapter, the <u>TERO Delirector</u> shall formulate and the <u>BoardCommission</u> shall approve regulations providing guidance on implementing the requirements of this section and for implementing

<u>Indian</u>Anishinaabe or <u>Indigenous</u> contracting preference when the awarding entity uses a method other than competition to select a contractor.

(d) Whenever feasible, the covered employer shall submit to the <u>TERO Delirector</u>, at least thirty (30) days in advance of the deadline for the submission of bids for a contract or subcontract, a list of all related contracts and subcontracts contemplated by the covered employer in order to enable the <u>Delirector</u> to give <u>IndianAnishinaabe</u> or <u>Indigenous centified eentities</u> the opportunity to prepare bids for such related contracts and subcontracts.

(e) Any covered employer or IndianAnishinaabe or <a href="IndianAnishinaabe or <a href="Indiananis

§ 1025. Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous Certified Entities.

The BoardTERO Director shall establish for approval by the TERO Commission a system for certifying firms as IndianAnishinaabe or Indigenous certified entities. This system shall include detailed provisions to ensure that entities that are not truly 51% or more owned by IndiansAnishinaabe or Indigenous people, or in which daily management and control is not provided by IndiansAnishinaabe or Indigenous people, are not granted IndianAnishinaabe or Indigenous preference certification.

§ 1026. Applicability of Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous Preference in Contracting.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the <u>IndianAnishinaabe or Indigenous</u> preference in contracting required under § 1024 of this chapter shall apply only to contracts and subcontracts to be performed on <u>or near</u> the Reservation and shall not apply to the delivery of goods from a location outside the Reservation.

 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, the Indigenous preference in contracting required under § 1024 of this chapter shall not apply to any contracts or subcontracts where the BoardTERO Commission determines that application of that preference is specifically prohibited by federal law.

(c) The Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous preference in contracting required under § 1024 of this chapter shall not apply to contracts awarded by the federal or a state government or their agencies or subdivisions. However, the Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous preference in contracting required under § 1024 of this chapter shall apply to all subcontracts awarded by a federal or state contractor or grantee that is a covered entity, whether or not the prime contract was subject to that preference,

except when the Board determines that application of that preference to that entity is specifically prohibited by federal law.

§ 1027. Other Preference and Priorities to be Consistent.

Any provision for Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous preference or priority in employment or contracting contained in any Band policy, including any Corporate Ventures policy of the Corporate Commission, must be consistent with the Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous preference and priority in §§ 1021 and 1024, which provide first priority to Mille Laesenrolled Band members, second priority to first-generation Band descendants, third priority to members of another federally recognized Indian Native American tribe, and third fourth priority to all others.

Section 4. Amending Title 15, chapter 4, subchapter 4.

§ 1031. Fees.

Except as otherwise provided in § 1032 of this chapter, and except as unless specifically prohibited by federal law, the following fees are assessed on covered employers, other than the Band and Mille Lacs Corporate Ventures, for the privilege of doing business with the Band or Corporate Ventures within on or near the Reservation and to raise revenue for the operation of the TERO office and the enforcement of this chapter.

(a) Every covered employer, other than the Band and Corporate Ventures, that enters into a contract with the Band or Corporate Ventures totaling \$25,000.00 or more shall pay a one-time project fee of 01.5% of the total amount of the contract. The covered employer shall pay the full amount of the fee before commencing work on the Reservation under the contract, provided that the TERO Delirector may, for good cause shown by the covered employer, authorize the fee to be paid in installments over the life of the contract, and provided further that if the total amount of the contract is subsequently increased, the covered employer shall pay the additional amount due (0.5% of the increased amount of the contract) at the time of the increase. In all cases, the full amount shall be paid by the contractor upon the last pay application. A covered employer other than the Band and Corporate Ventures that enters into a contract with the Band or Corporate Ventures for less than \$25,000.00 shall pay the θ 1.5% fee on the total amount of the contract if the contract is amended or enlarged to \$25,000.00 or more within one (1) year after it was entered into. The fee imposed by this paragraph does not apply to a covered employer that enters into a subcontract made under a contract with the Band or Corporate Ventures where the fee has been paid on the total amount of such contract.

(b) All covered employers other than the Band-shall, as a condition of doing business on or near the Reservation under a contract with the Band, consent to the Band entity awarding the contract paying the fee imposed under subsection (a) of this section

directly to the TERO prior to the commencement of work under the contract and subtracting the amount of the fee from the payments due to the covered employer under the contract. Prior to making the payment, the Band entity awarding the contract shall provide the contractor with a form prepared by the TERO, in which the contractor grants its consent to the payment of the TERO fee based on the amount it is entitled to receive from the Band entity. A contractor shall not be permitted to commence work on or near the Rreservation until it has executed this form, provided that this provision shall not apply if the imposition of the fee with respect to the contractor is prohibited by federal law.

§ 1033. Fee Collection and Expenditure.

 (a) The TERO fees shall be collected by the director pursuant to TERO regulations. The TERO fees shall be paid over to automatically withheld by the Band's Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and shall be credited to the TERO account. These funds shall be expended solely by the TERO, pursuant to a duly approved budget in order to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

(b) The TERO <u>Director Office</u>, in conjunction with the Band's Department of Labor, shall prepare a quarterly report as to all employment and training expenditures. The report shall be made available to the <u>legislative branch and executive branchBand Assembly, Chief Executive</u>, and <u>TERO Commission</u> each calendar quarter.

Section 5. Amending Title 15, chapter 4, subchapter 5.

§ 1041. Compliance Plan.

(a) All covered employers, other than the Band, shall, no less than ten (10) business days prior to commencing business on or near the Rreservation, prepare and submit to the TERO Delirector for her or his approval a plan setting out how the employer will comply with the requirements of this chapter and its implementing regulations regarding Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous employment and Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous contracting preference and priority. A Band-owned entity shall, no less than ten (10) business days prior to entering into a contract with a non-Band contractor to be performed on or near the Rreservation, prepare and submit to the TERO Delirector for her or his approval a plan setting out how the Band-owned entity will comply with the requirements of this chapter and its implementing regulations regarding Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous employment and Indian Anishinaabe or Indigenous contracting preference and priority in connection with such contract. A covered employer already doing business on or near the Rreservation on the effective date of this chapter that has not prepared a compliance plan that has been approved by the TERO Delirector under this section shall come

- into compliance with the requirements of this section within thirty (30) business days of the effective date of this chapter.
 - (b) The payroll records of all covered employers other than the Band shall be submitted to the <u>TERO Delirector</u> within thirty (30) days of his or her request. Any covered employer required to submit a certified payroll pursuant to federal law under the Davis-Bacon Act shall submit a copy of this certified payroll record to the <u>TERO Delirector</u>.
 - (c) All covered employers, other than the Band and Corporate Ventures, are required to report relevant changes regarding their employees and employment positions to the <u>TERO Delirector</u> when they submit the payroll records to the <u>Delirector</u> under subsection (b) of this section, including but not limited to new positions, terminations, layoffs, promotions, and retirements.
 - (d) Corporate Ventures shall only be required to submit a compliance plan under this section for contracts subject to the fee established by § 1031 of this chapter.

§ 1044. Model Language.

In order to implement the requirements of §§ 1042 and 1043 of this chapter, the <u>TERO</u> <u>D</u>director shall provide to the covered employer:

- (a) model language that shall be included in the notice to prospective contractors and subcontractors, informing them of the requirements established by this chapter; and
- (b) model language to be included in each contract and subcontract, imposing the requirements set out in this chapter as terms of the contract.

§ 1045. TERO Approval of Notices of Contracts and Contracts Awarded by Covered Employers.

Each covered employer, prior to issuing notice of a contract to prospective contractors or subcontractors and prior to awarding a contract or subcontract, shall submit the proposed notice and, contract or subcontract to the <u>TERO Delirector</u> for approval.

Section 6. Amending Title 15, chapter 4, subchapter 6.

§ 1051. Prohibited Discrimination.

Except as necessary to comply with the <u>IndianAnishinaabe or Indigenous</u> employment <u>preference priorities</u> in subchapter 3 of this chapter, it shall be unlawful for a covered employer to do any of the following acts wholly or partially based on the actual or perceived race, color,

religion, national origin, sex, age, sexual orientation, or political affiliation of any individual, unless such characteristic is a bona fide occupational qualification:

(a) fail or refuse to hire, or discharge, any individual, or otherwise discriminate against any individual, with respect to his or herher or his compensation, terms and conditions, or privileges of employment, including promotion;

(b) discriminate in recruiting individuals for employment; or

(c) limit, segregate, or classify employees in any way that would tend to deprive them of employment opportunities.

§ 1052. Religious Accommodation.

It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for a covered employer to refuse to make a reasonable accommodation for an employee's religious or spiritual observance, unless doing so would cause undue hardship to the employer as determined by the TERO Director. A reasonable religious accommodation is any adjustment to the work environment that will allow the employee to practice his or herher or his religion, such as flexible scheduling, voluntary substitutions or swaps, job reassignments, and lateral transfers, if approved by the authorized supervisor in accordance with the Band's Personnel Policy Manual. An accommodation would cause an employer undue hardship when it accommodation would require more than ordinary administrative costs, diminish efficiency in other jobs, infringe on other employees' job rights or benefits, impair workplace safety, cause co-workers to carry the accommodated employee's share of potentially hazardous or burdensome work, or conflict with another applicable law or regulation.

§ 1053. Discrimination Bbased on Disability.

(a) It shall be unlawful for a covered employer to discriminate in any aspect of employment against a qualified individual with a disability because of that disability. However, it is not unlawful for a covered employer to use employment qualification standards, tests, or selection criteria that are job_-related and consistent with business necessity that make an individual with a disability ineligible for an employment position where the individual could not perform the job even with reasonable accommodation. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a covered employer from refusing to hire an individual with a disability for or from discharging such an individual from an employment position if the individual, because of the disability, is unable to perform the duties of the position, would perform the duties in a manner that would endanger the health and safety of the individual or others, or is unable to be at or go to or from the place at which the position is located.

(b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, a reasonable accommodation for an individual's disability may include but is not limited to

making facilities readily accessible to and usable by disabled persons, job restructuring, modifying work schedules, reassignment to a vacant position, acquisition or modification of equipment or devices, and the provision of aides on a temporary or periodic basis.

(c) An accommodation is not required if it would impose an undue hardship on the employer's operation. In determining whether an undue hardship exists, employersTERO may consider:

(1) the overall size of the business or organization with respect to the number of employees and the number and type of facilities;

(2) the type of the operation, including the composition and structure of the work force, and the number of employees at the location where the employment would occur;

(3) the nature and cost of the accommodation;

(4) the reasonable ability to finance the accommodation at each site of business; and

(5) documented good_-faith efforts to explore less restrictive or less expensive alternatives, including consultation with the disabled person or with knowledgeable disabled persons or organizations.

Section 7. Amending Title 15, chapter 4, subchapter 7.

§ 1061. Minimum Wage.

Any employee who is employed by a covered employer shall be paid an hourly wage of not less than \$7.50 per hour or the current United States Federal Government's minimum wage requirement, whichever is higher Covered employers shall pay each employee wages at a rate that are at least equal to the Minnesota minimum wage rate established pursuant to Minn. State. § 177.24, plus an additional ten (10) percent.

§ 1062. Prevailing Wage.

All covered employers are required to compensate construction <u>laborersworkers</u> according to the prevailing wage set by the U.S. Department of Labor according to the Davis-Bacon Act for the county in which the work shall commence, unless the <u>BoardCommission</u> implements Band prevailing wage rates by rule, regulation, or guideline, in which case the Band prevailing wage determination shall apply.

§ 1063. Maximum Hours.

No covered employer shall employ any of its employees for a work week longer than forty (40) hours unless such employee receives compensation for the additional hours at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which the employee is <u>normally</u> compensated.

§ 1064. Holiday Pay.

No covered employer shall require employees to work on a paid holiday unless such employee receives compensation for the holiday work at a rate of not less than double the regular rate at which the employee is normally compensated. Covered employers shall set their own holiday schedule for purposes of this section.

§ 10687. Guidance.

For the purposes of interpreting this subchapter only, the <u>BoardTERO Commission</u> and the Band's Court of Central Jurisdiction may look to the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act (<u>FLSA</u>) of 1938, 29 U.S.C., §§ 201-219, its implementing regulations, and related case law for persuasive guidance, provided that nothing in this section shall be construed as an adoption by the Band of that Act or its implementing regulations.

§ 10698. Fringe Benefits.

A covered employe<u>re</u> must give an employee engaged in construction the option of electing to receive any amount to which he or she is entitled as prevailing wage fringe benefits as a part of her or his hourly pay unless it is determined that the application of this provision is specifically prohibited by <u>f</u>Federal law. The prevailing wage fringe benefits to which the employee is entitled shall include, but not be limited to, the fringe benefit determination made by the U.S. Secretary of Labor pursuant to the <u>Federal-Davis-Bacon Act</u> or by the <u>BoardTERO Commission</u> pursuant to this chapter. Every covered employer engaged in projects subject to the <u>Federal-Davis-Bacon Act</u> shall offer this option to each employee at the time he or she is first employed.

Section 8. Amending Title 15, chapter 4, subchapter 8.

§ 1073. Enforcement.

 (a) The <u>TERO Defined</u> is authorized to enforce the rules <u>and regulations</u> adopted in § 1072 of this chapter pursuant to the enforcement provisions set out in subchapter 9 of this chapter, to the extent her or his authority has not been preempted by <u>fFederal</u> law.

(b) For any employer over whom the TERO Delirector's authority to enforce the requirements of this subchapter has been preempted by fFederal law and for employers within the Rreservation who are not subject to the jurisdiction of the Band, the Delirector shall work cooperatively with federal and state officials responsible for enforcing occupational safety and health requirements applicable to such employers to ensure maximum enforcement. Section 9. Amending Title 15, chapter 4, subchapter 9. § 1082. Investigations. (a) any other provision of this chapter, the TERO Delirector, or any field compliance

- (a) On her or his own initiative or on the basis of a complaint filed pursuant to § 1083 or any other provision of this chapter, the <u>TERO Delirector</u>, or any field compliance officer designated by the <u>TERO Delirector</u>, shall may make such public or private investigations within the reservation her or his jurisdiction as the director deems necessary:
 - (1) to ensure compliance with a provision in this chapter;

- (2) to determine whether any covered employer has violated any provision of this chapter or its implementing regulations; or
- (3) to aid in prescribing rules or, regulations, or policies hereunder.
- (b) Separate from acting on any complaint filed, the <u>TERO Delirector</u> shall conduct regular compliance reviews to ensure that all covered employers are complying with the requirements of this chapter.
- (c) The <u>TERO Delirector</u> or any field compliance officer designated by the <u>TERO</u> <u>Delirector</u> may, <u>provided they are clearly identified as TERO staff</u>, enter the place of business or employment of any covered employer for the purpose of an investigation or compliance review, at said place of business or employment, in a manner consistent with good safety practices and with the orderly operation of the business activity. The <u>TERO Delirector</u> or officer may:
 - (1) interview any employee or agent of the covered employer;
 - (2) review and copy any documents; and
 - (3) carry out any other activity the TERO <u>D</u>director or officer deems necessary to accomplish the investigation or compliance review, provided that, the <u>TERO</u> <u>D</u>director or officer shall comply with the requirements of subsection (e) of this section when reviewing or copying any confidential documents.

- (d) For the purpose of investigations, compliance reviews, or hearings, which, in the opinion of the <u>TERO D</u>director or the TERO Commission, are necessary and proper for the enforcement of this chapter, the <u>TERO D</u>director or the <u>C</u>ehairperson of the TERO Commission may administer oaths or affirmations, subpoena witnesses, take evidence, and require the production of books, papers, contracts, agreements, or other documents, records, or information that the <u>TERO D</u>director or the TERO Commission deems relevant to the inquiry.
 - (e) Any state or federal tax records, trade secrets, or privileged or confidential commercial, financial, or employment information subpoenaed or otherwise obtained pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or used at a compliance hearing or subsequent appeal to the Band's Court of Central Jurisdiction:
 - (1) shall be regarded as confidential records of the TERO Commission or the Court;
 - (2) shall not be opened to public inspection;

- shall be used only by the <u>TERO Delirector</u>, the TERO Commission, or parties to a compliance hearing or subsequent appeal to the <u>Ceourt</u>; and
- (4) shall be used in a manner that, to the maximum extent possible consistent with the requirement of fairness to the parties, protects the confidentiality of the documents.
- (f) Any person, including but not limited to any employee or official of the Band, who willfully discloses such confidential records, except as expressly authorized by this chapter or Court order, may be subject to a civil fine not to exceed \$500.00.
- (g) Documents obtained from a covered employer under this section shall be returned to the employer at the conclusion of any investigation, compliance review, or hearing, including the end of any available appeal period.

§ 1083. Complaints <u>Against the Parties Other Than the Band or the TERO Director</u>.

Any individual, group of individuals, business, or organization that believes any covered employer, other than the Band, or the director or other TERO staff, has violated any requirement imposed by this chapter or any regulation issued pursuant to it, may file a complaint with the TERO Ddirector, or, if the complaint is against the director or other TERO staff, with the chairperson of the TERO Commission. The complaint shall be in writing and shall provide such information as is necessary to enable the Ddirector or an independent party appointed by the TERO Commission to carry out an investigation. Within fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of the complaint, and on a regular basis thereafter, the Ddirector or the independent party appointed by the TERO Commission shall provide the complaining party with a written report on the status of the complaint. The Ddirector or the independent party appointed by the TERO

Commission shall, within thirty (30) <u>calendar</u> days of the date on which a complaint is filed, complete an investigation of the complaint. Upon request, the TERO Commission may grant the Director or the independent party appointed by the TERO Commission an extension of no more than thirty (30) <u>calendar</u> days to complete the investigation. If, upon investigation, the <u>Ddirector</u> or the independent party appointed by the TERO Commission has reason to believe a violation has occurred, he or shethe <u>Director</u> shall proceed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

§ 1084. Complaints Against the TERO Director.

Any individual, group of individuals, business, or organization that believes the TERO Director has violated any requirement imposed by this chapter or any regulation issued pursuant to it may file a complaint with the Chairperson of the TERO Commission. The complaint shall be in writing and shall provide such information as is necessary to enable the TERO Commission or an independent party appointed by the TERO Commission to carry out an investigation. Within 15 calendar days after receipt of the complaint, and on a regular basis thereafter, the TERO Commission or the independent party appointed by the TERO Commission shall provide the complaining party with a written report on the status of the complaint. The TERO Commission or the independent party appointed by the TERO Commission shall, within 30 calendar days of the date on which a complaint is filed, complete an investigation of the complaint. The TERO Commission may grant itself or the independent party appointed by the TERO Commission an extension of no more than 30 calendar days to complete the investigation. If, upon investigation, the TERO Commission or the independent party appointed by the TERO Commission has reason to believe a violation has occurred, TERO Commission or independent party shall proceed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

§ 10854. Complaints Against the Band.

Any individual who believes the Band, including any office, division, branch, subsidiary entity, or commercial enterprise of the Bandor agency, other than the <u>TERO Delirector</u> or other TERO staff, has violated any requirement imposed by this chapter or any regulation issued pursuant to it may file a complaint with the <u>TERO Delirector</u>, but only after the individual has either:

(a) filed a complaint with and exhausted the administrative remedies provided by the involved office, division, branch, subsidiary entity, or commercial enterprise of the Bandor agency; or

(b) filed a complaint with the involved office, division, branch, subsidiary entity, or commercial enterprise or agency of the Band and 30 calendarsixty (60) days have passed since filing and no meaningful action has been taken on the complaint by that office, division, subsidiary entity, or commercial enterprise or agency.

Upon receiving a complaint that meets the requirements of this section, the $\underline{D}\underline{d}$ irector shall proceed in the same manner as he <u>or she</u> would on a complaint filed pursuant to § 1083 of this chapter, except that the $\underline{D}\underline{d}$ irector and the TERO Commission shall take into consideration any

written decision concerning the complaint issued by the office, division, branch, subsidiary, entity, or commercial enterpriseor agency of the Band that is the subject of the complaint.

§ 10865. Resolution of Violations.

(a) If, after conducting an investigation or compliance review, the <u>TERO D</u>director has reasonable cause to believe a violation of this chapter or any regulation issued hereunder pursuant to it has occurred, including a failure by a party to comply with a subpoena or other request during an investigation, the <u>D</u>director shall notify the covered employer or covered entity in writing, delivered by registered mail and the email address of the covered employer on file with the <u>TERO Commission</u>, specifying the alleged violations. If the alleged violation arose as a complaint filed pursuant to §§ 1083-84 of this <u>Title</u>, the <u>TERO Director shall deliver by registered mail and email on file with the <u>TERO Commission</u> a copy of the notice of violation to the complaining party.</u>

(b) If, after conducting an investigation or compliance review resulting from a complaint filed pursuant to § 1083, the TERO Director determines that a violation of this chapter or any regulation issued hereunder has not occurred, the Director shall notify the complaining party in writing of the decision. The notice shall contain findings of fact sufficient to support the Director's decision, citations to all statutes or regulations the Director relied on in reaching her or his decision, and an analysis showing why reasonable cause does not support a belief that a violation of this chapter or any regulation issued pursuant to it has occurred. The notice shall also advise the complaining party of their right to request a hearing to appeal the determination to the TERO Commission.

(b)(c) When the Director believes a violation has occurred, Tthe Ddirector shall make a good-faith effort to achieve an informal settlement of the alleged violation by meeting with the covered employer, and, if the alleged violation arose as a complaint filed pursuant to § 1083 of this Title, with the complaining party, and taking other appropriate action. When a complaint is filed pursuant to § 1083, the Director may accept a settlement agreement only after obtaining the signed written consent of the covered employer and the complaining party.

 (e)(d) If the <u>D</u>director is unable to achieve an informal settlement, he <u>or she</u> shall issue a formal notice of non-compliance, which shall advise the covered employer of its right to request a hearing. If the alleged violation arose as a complaint filed pursuant to § 1083 of this Title, the <u>Director shall deliver a copy of the notice of non-compliance to the complaining party.</u> The formal notice shall set out the nature of the alleged violation and the steps that must be taken to come into compliance. <u>HThe notice</u> shall provide the covered employer with a reasonable time, which shall not be less than ten (10) <u>business</u> days from the date of service of such notice, to comply. If the <u>D</u>director has reason to believe that irreparable harm will occur during that

period, the Director may require that compliance occur in less than ten (10) <u>business</u> days.

- (d)(e) If the covered employer or complaining party disputes the violation, as provided for in the formal notice, the covered employer or complaining party may request a hearing before the TERO Commission, which shall be held no sooner than five (5) business days and no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the date for compliance set forth in the formal notice. The Ddirector, or the covered employer, or complaining party may ask the TERO Commission to hold the hearing sooner. The TERO Commission shall grant such a request only upon a showing that an expedited hearing is necessary to avoid irreparable harm.

- (e)(f) If a covered employer fails or refuses to comply and does not request a hearing, the <u>D</u>director shall request the <u>C</u>ehairperson of the <u>TERO Commission</u> to convene a session of the <u>TERO Commission</u> for the purpose of imposing sanctions on the covered employer. This session shall take place as soon as necessary to avoid irreparable harm.

 (f)(g) If an independent investigator determines the TERO Director or TERO staff may have violated this chapter, the Chairperson shall convene a meeting of the TERO Commission to determine the resolving action to be taken by the Director and TERO staff, and the results thereof shall be reported to the Band Assembly and the Chief Executive.

§ 10876. Hearing Procedures.

 (a) Any hearing held pursuant to this chapter shall be conducted by the TERO Commission. The hearing shall be governed by Robert's Rules of Order, or any other rules of practice and procedure that are hereafter adopted by the TERO Commission. The TERO Delirector, and the covered employer, and, if applicable, the complaining party, shall have the right to call and cross examine witnesses, as well as present physical evidence. The TERO Commission may consider any evidence that it deems relevant to the hearing. The TERO Commission shall not be bound by technical rules of evidence in the conduct of hearings under this chapter, and the presence of informality in any proceeding, as in the manner of taking testimony, shall not invalidate any order, decision, rule, or regulation made, approved, or confirmed by the TERO Commission. The Delirector shall have the burden of proving that the covered employer violated this chapter by a preponderance of the evidence. If the hearing is the result of an appeal by a complaining party pursuant to § 1086(b) of this subsection, the complaining party shall have the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, that reasonable cause exists to believe a violation of this chapter or any regulation issued hereunder occurred. An audio recording shall be made of each hearing. No stenographic record of the proceedings and testimony shall be required except upon arrangement by, and at the cost of, the covered employer.

- (b) The Delirector shall prosecute the alleged violation on behalf of the TERO, including those resulting from a successful appeal by a complaining party pursuant to § 1086(b) of this subsection. During the hearing and at all stages of the enforcement process provided for in this chapter, the Ddirector may be represented by the Band's Office of the Solicitor General's Office. If the covered employer is an office or subsidiary of the Band gGovernment and the Band Office of the Solicitor General's Office or the TERO Commission determines it that representation would create a conflict to represent the director of interest, the Solicitor General may shall obtain outside legal counsel for the TERO Delirector.
 - (c) The TERO Commission shall sit as an impartial judicial body. The TERO Commission shall establish procedures and safeguards to ensure that the rights of all parties are protected and that there is no improper contact or communication between the TERO Commission and the <u>D</u>director during the hearing phase of the enforcement process.
 - If the TERO Commission requires legal assistance during the hearing process, or at any other phase of the enforcement process, and itrepresentation by the Office of the Solicitor General would be create a conflict of interest for the Band Solicitor General's Office to provide such representation, the Solicitor General shall attempt to-retain outside legal counsel.
 - (e) The TERO Commission shall have the right to obtain outside legal counsel as it deems appropriate.

§ 108<u>8</u>7. Sanctions.

- (a) If, after a hearing, the TERO Commission determines that the alleged violation of this chapter or a regulation issued pursuant to it has occurred, and that the party charged has no adequate defense in law or fact, or if a party was issued a formal notice of non-compliance and failed to request a hearing, the TERO Commission may:
 - (1) deny such party the ability to commence business on lands owned by or for the benefit of the Band or its members on the <u>R</u>reservation, provided that the party is not an office, division, branch, subsidiary, entity, or commercial enterprise or agency of the Band;
 - (2) suspend such party's business activity on lands owned by or for the benefit of the Band or its members on the <u>R</u>reservation, provided that the party is not an office, division, branch, subsidiary, entity, or commercial enterprise or agency of the Band;
 - (3) terminate such party's business activity on lands owned by or for the benefit of the Band or its members on the <u>Rreservation</u>, provided that the party is not

1237 an office, division, branch, subsidiary, entity, or commercial enterprise or 1238 agency of the Band; 1239 1240 (4) deny the ability of such party to conduct any further business with the Band or on lands owned by or on behalf of the Band or its members on the 1241 1242 <u>R</u>reservation, provided that the party is not an office, division, branch, 1243 subsidiary, entity or commercial enterprise or agency of the Band; 1244 1245 impose a civil fine of up to \$500.00 per violation per day following the date (5) 1246 for compliance; 1247 1248 (6) order such party to make payment of back pay or other damages to any 1249 aggrieved party; 1250 order such party to dismiss any employees hired in violation of the Band's 1251 (7) 1252 employment rights requirements; 1253 (8) 1254 reimburse any party who improperly paid a TERO fee or overpaid said fee, but no interest shall be paid in such cases; or 1255 1256 (9) 1257 order the party to take such other action as is necessary to ensure compliance 1258 with this chapter or to remedy any harm caused by a violation of this chapter, consistent with the requirements of the laws of the Band and the Indian Civil 1259 Rights Act, 25 U.S.C., § 1301, et seq. 1260 1261 1262 (b) The TERO Commission's decision shall be in writing and shall be served on the charged party and, if applicable, the complaining party, by registered mail or in 1263 person by an employee of the TERO no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the 1264 1265 close of the hearing. The decision shall contain findings of fact sufficient to support the TERO Commission's ordered relief, or lack thereof, citation to all statutes and 1266 regulations the Commission relied on in reaching its decision, and an analysis 1267 1268 showing why the decision is reasonable and supported by facts, laws, and regulations. Upon a showing by the TERO Director, complaining party, or the 1269 1270 charged party that further delay will cause irreparable harm, the TERO Commission 1271 shall issue its decision within ten (10) business days after the close of the hearing. If the party fails to comply with the TERO Commission's decision within ten (10)

§ 108<u>9</u>8. Appeals.

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(a) An appeal to the Band's District Court-of Central Jurisdiction may be taken from any formal order of the TERO Commission by any party adversely affected thereby,

expiration of the time for the party to file an appeal.

business days, the Director may file for an injunction equitable relief in the Band's

District Court of Central Jurisdiction. The District Court shall grant such injunctive equitable relief as is necessary to prevent irreparable harm pending an appeal or

1283 including a complainant. To take such an appeal, a party must file a notice of appeal 1284 in the Band's District Court of Central Jurisdiction and serve a copy of the notice of 1285 appeal on the TERO Delirector and any other party to the proceeding no later than 1286 twenty (20) calendar days after the party receives a copy of the TERO Commission's decision. 1287 1288 1289 The notice of appeal shall: (b) 1290 1291 (1) set forth the order from which the appeal is taken; 1292 1293 (2) specify the grounds upon which reversal or modification of the order is 1294 sought; 1295 1296 (3) be signed by the appellant or her or his legal representative; and 1297 1298 (4) comply with any other requirements for actions filed in the Band's District 1299 Court of Central Jurisdiction, as established by that the Ceourt. 1300 1301 (c) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, the order of the TERO Commission 1302 shall be stayed remain in full force and effect pending the determination of the Court in the absence of an injunction staying the TERO Commissioner's order. The TERO 1303 1304 Delirector may petition and, for good cause shown, the Court may order the party filing the appeal to post a bond sufficient to cover the monetary damages that the 1305 1306 TERO Commission assessed against the party or to assure the party's compliance 1307 with other sanctions or remedial actions imposed by the TERO Commission's order 1308 in the event that order is upheld by the Court. 1309 1310 (d) The Court shall sit without a jury, confine its review to the Commission record, and 1311 apply an abuse of discretion standard. The filing of briefs and oral argument must be made in accordance with the Band rules governing civil casesreview the decision of 1312 the TERO Commission de novo. 1313 1314 1315 (e) The Court may affirm a formal order of the Commission, remand the case for further proceedings, or reverse the formal order if the substantial rights of the appealing 1316 party have been prejudiced because the formal order is: 1317 1318 1319 (1) in excess of the statutory authority or jurisdiction of the Commission; 1320 1321 (2) made upon unlawful procedure; or 1322 1323 unsupported by evidence. (3) 1324 1325 (e)(f) If a party has failed to come into compliance with a decision of the TERO 1326 Commission from which no appeal has been taken, or a decision of the Court, within 1327 20 calendar days after receipt of notice of such decision, the TERO Director shall

petition the Court and the Court shall grant such orders as are necessary and appropriate to enforce the orders of the TERO Commission or Court.

(f)(g) If the order of the TERO Commission is reversed or modified, the Court shall specifically direct the TERO Commission as to further action the TERO Commission shall take in the matter, including making and entering any order or orders in connection therewith, and the limitations, or conditions to be contained therein.

§ 10<u>90</u>89. Monitoring.

If, when carrying out inspections at work sites or otherwise carrying out their responsibilities under this chapter, the <u>TERO D</u>director or TERO compliance officers have reason to believe that a requirement of a <u>t</u>Tribal, <u>f</u>Tederal, state, or local law, act, or regulation, other than the ones included in this chapter, may have been violated by a party, the <u>D</u>director and TERO compliance officers are authorized to document such possible violations, to report said violations to the appropriate enforcement agency, and, to the extent that resources permit and the <u>D</u>director determines it to be appropriate, assist that agency in its attempt to investigate and cure the possible violation.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This bill shall take effect immediately upon signature by the Chief Executive, or lack of a veto, as provided in 3 MLBS § 17.

Act 40-25 (Band Assembly Bill 21-04-40-25)

Twenty-seventh day of August in the year Two thousand twenty-five.	
Passed by the Band Assembly on this day of in the year Two thousand twenty-five.	
	Sheldon Boyd, Speaker of the Assembly
APPROVED	
Date:	Virgil Wind, Chief Executive

OFFICIAL SEAL OF THE BAND